



Adjudication

Lathrop GPM

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Post-Adjudication



Terminology train
 DOE = Department of Education
Recipient = Institutions covered by Title IX
OCR = Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights
VAWA = Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act
FERPA = Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act
 CSA = Campus Security Authority
Investigation/Grievance Procedures/Complaint Procedures
 Adjudicator/Decision-Maker
 Complainant/Reporting Party/accuser/ victim/survivor
 Respondent/Responding Party/ accused/alleged perpetrator

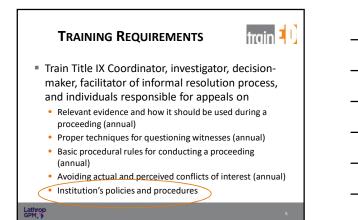
TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

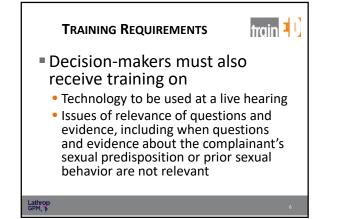


 Train Title IX Coordinator, investigator, decisionmaker, facilitator of informal resolution process, and individuals responsible for appeals on

- Definition of sexual harassment
- Scope of the institution's education program or activity
- How to conduct investigation and grievance process, including hearings, appeals, and informal resolution processes, and how to serve impartially, including by avoiding prejudgment of the facts at interest, conflicts of interest, and bias
- Issues related to sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking (annually)
- How to conduct an investigation and hearing that protects the safety of complainants and promotes accountability (effects of trauma) (annually)

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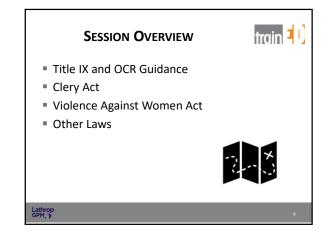
TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

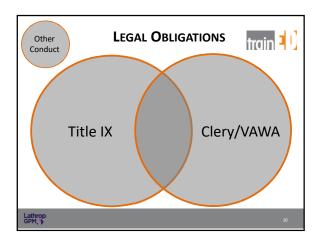


- Investigators must also receive training on
 Issues of relevance to create an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence
- Training materials must not rely on sex stereotypes and must promote impartial investigations and adjudications
- Training materials must be publicly available on institution's website

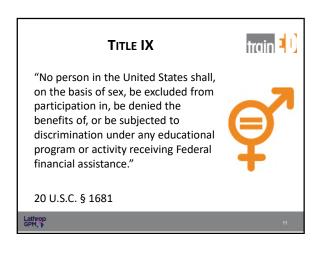
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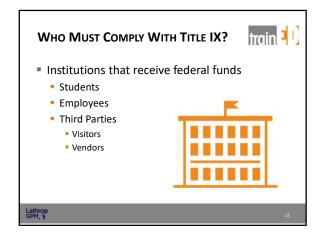
SESSION 1: LEGAL OVERVIEW

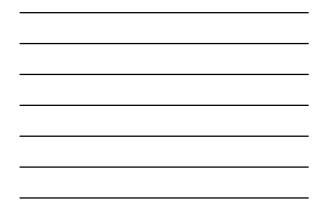
















How Institutions Must Respond Under Title IX



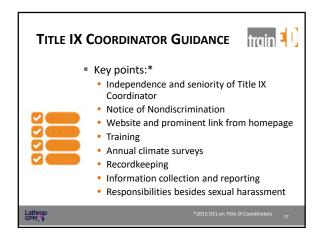
- Must respond promptly in a manner that is not deliberately indifferent
- Deliberately indifferent = response is clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances
- Follow grievance process outlined in the regulations

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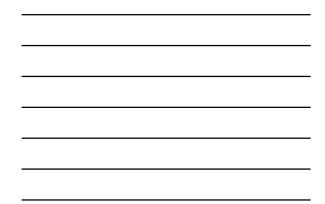




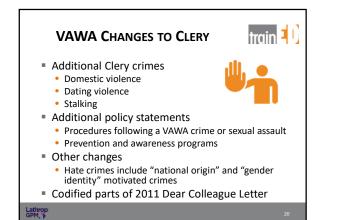








CLERY ACT Provide accurate, timely, and complete information Regarding certain types of crimes/incidents Occurring on or adjacent to campus To promote campus safety and consumer protection



CLERY FINES Fine for each Clery Act violation is \$58,328 In June 2020, The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill reached a \$1.5 million settlement with the DOE for Clery Act violations, including in the areas of reporting crime statistics, defining Clery geography, issuing warnings, and including required information in their annual security reports In 2019 the DOE issued a \$4.5 million fine – the largest in history – against Michigan State University University of Saint Thomas fined \$172,000 in 2017 for failure to include required policy statements and underreporting of crime statistics among other violations

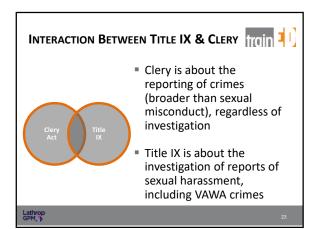
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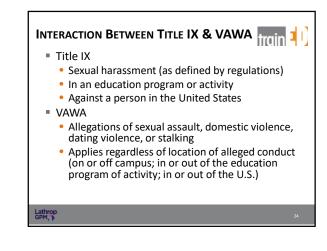
VAWA REGULATIONS

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- Requires policy addressing:
 - Procedures alleged victims should follow
 - Disciplinary proceduresConfidentiality
 - Confidentiality
 - Notifications to students, employees, and alleged victims
 - Right to advisor of choice (including attorney)Right to have notice of meetings with parties
 - Right to have access to information used in formal/informal
 - disciplinary meetings
 - Rationale must be included in Notice of Determination
 - Training for individuals with heightened responsibilities
 - Training for students and employees

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WHEN INSTITUTIONS MUST RESPOND UNDER TITLE IX

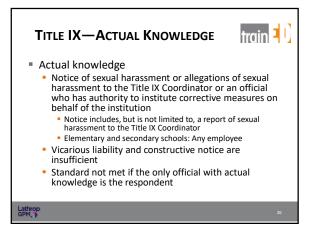
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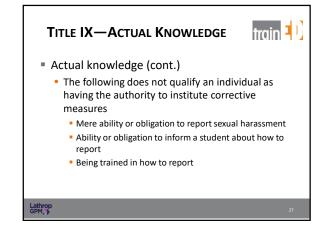
- Institution has actual knowledge of
- Sexual harassment

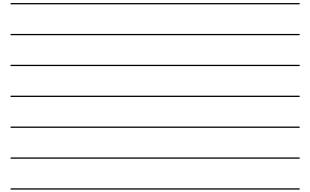
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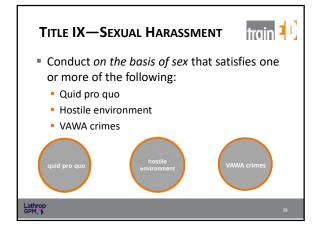
- In an education program or activity of the institution
- Against a person in the United States



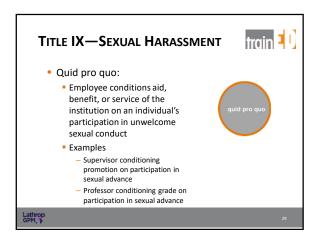


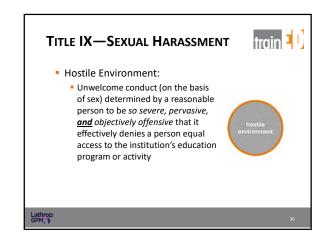


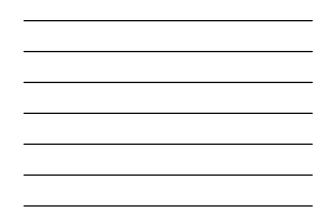












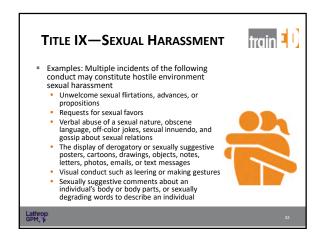
TITLE IX—SEXUAL HARASSMENT

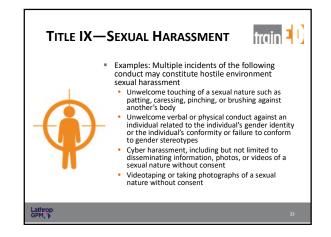


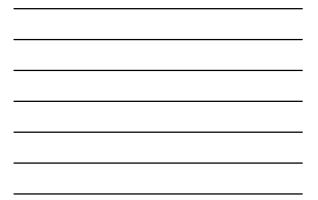
Hostile environment harassment

- Reasonable person: perspective of a reasonable person in the shoes of the complainant
 - Consider ages, abilities, and relative positions of authority of the individuals involved
- Effectively denies a person equal access
 - Equal access has been denied not that a person's total or entire educational access has been denied
 No specific type of reaction is necessary to conclude that severe.
 - No specific type of reaction is necessary to conclude that severe, pervasive, objectively offensive sexual harassment has denied a complainant "equal access"
 - Analysis is whether a reasonable person in the complainant's position would be effectively denied *equal* access to education compared to a similarly situated person who is not suffering the alleged sexual harassment

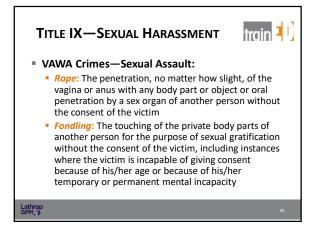
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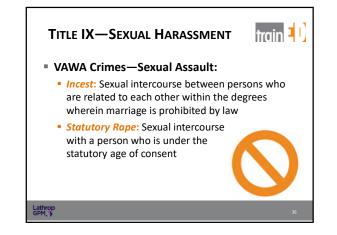


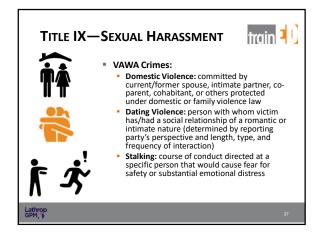


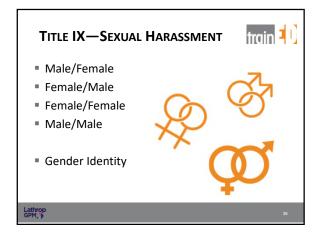


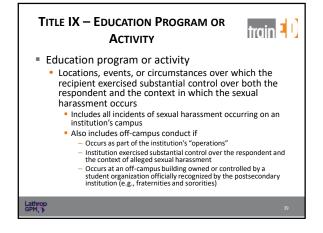












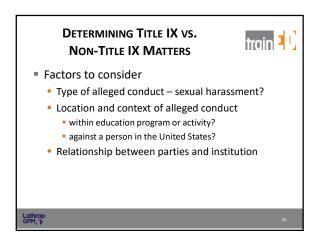


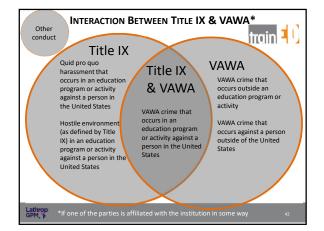
TITLE IX – EDUCATION PROGRAM OR ACTIVITY



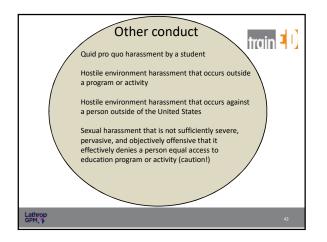
- Education program or activity (cont.)
 - Consider whether recipient funded, promoted, or sponsored the event or circumstance
 - No single factor is determinative
 - Clery Act geography is not co-extensive with scope of education program or activity

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Relationship Between Parties and Institution



- Education program or activity
 Locations, events, or circumstances over which the recipient exercised substantial control over <u>both the respondent</u> and the context in which the sexual harassment occurs
- Formal complaint
 - At the time of filing a formal complaint, <u>a complainant must be</u> participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of the recipient with which the formal complaint is filed
- Permissive dismissal

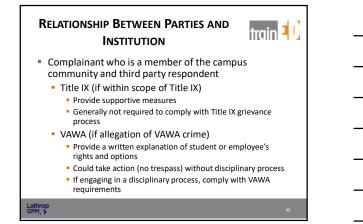
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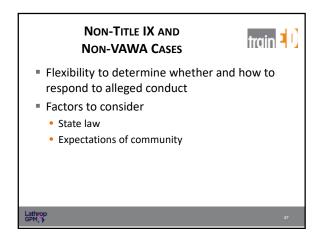
- Discretionary dismissal of formal complaint if respondent is no
- longer enrolled or employed by the institution
 Also have discretion if <u>respondent was never enrolled or</u> <u>employed</u> by institution

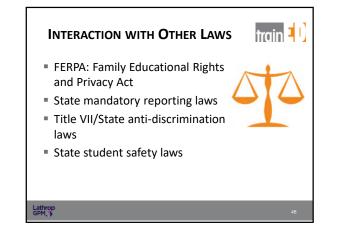
RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PARTIES AND INSTITUTION Third party complainant and respondent who is a member of the campus community Title IX (if within scope of Title IX) Provide supportive measures May not be required to comply with Title IX grievance process VAWA (if allegation of VAWA crime)

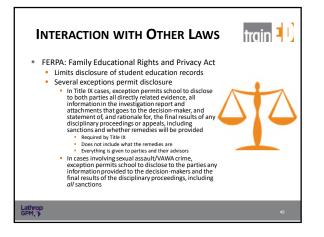
- No requirement to provide written explanation of rights and options (but still recommended)
- Disciplinary process that complies with VAWA

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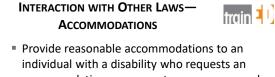










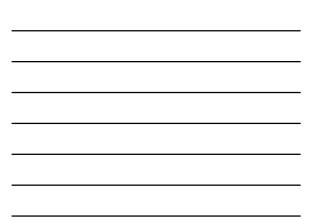


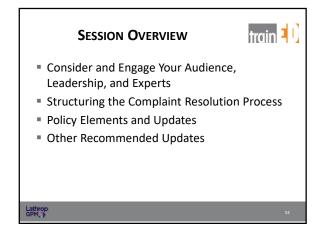
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individual with a disability who requests an
accommodation necessary to ensure an equal
opportunity to participate in the complaint
resolution process.
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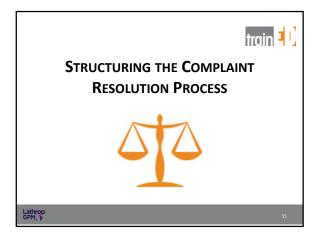


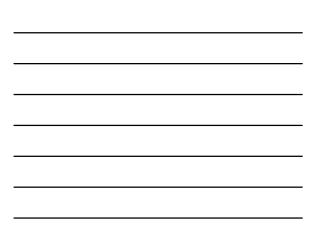










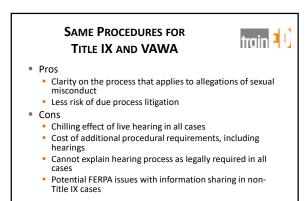


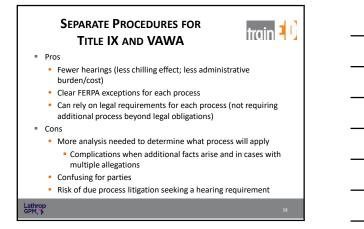


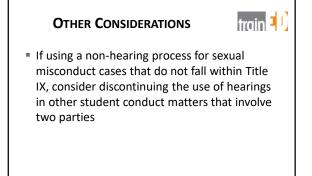
- One process: Use the same procedures for all sexual misconduct cases (including live hearings)
- Hybrid: Use the same procedures for all Title IX and VAWA cases (including live hearings) and a separate process for non-Title IX/non-VAWA cases
- Separate processes: Create separate procedures for Title IX, VAWA, and non-Title IX/non-VAWA cases

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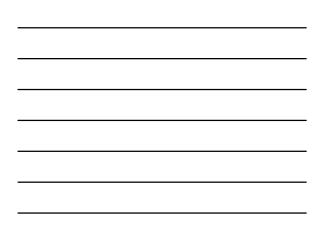


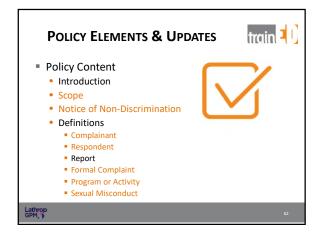


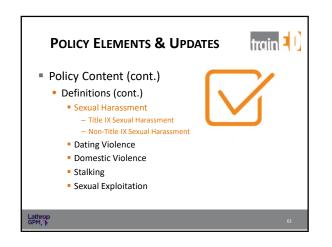
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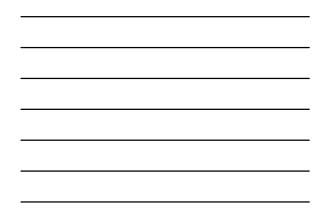
DETERMINING WHICH PROCESS APPLIES	train 1
 Analyze when report or complaint is received throughout the process 	and
 Who determines which process applies Title IX Coordinator (with assistance from invest Another individual? 	igator)
 If separate Title IX and VAWA procedures, foll investigation process regardless of Title IX or until information sharing stage 	
 Title IX: Copy of directly related evidence 	
 VAWA: Access to evidence that will be shared w decision-maker 	ith the
When in doubt, err on side of following Title I	X process
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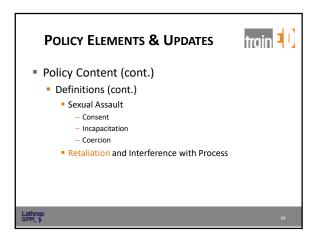
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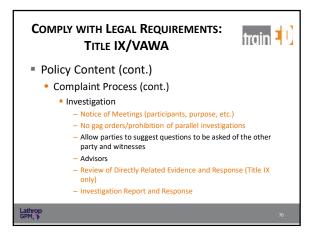


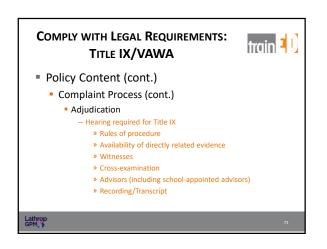




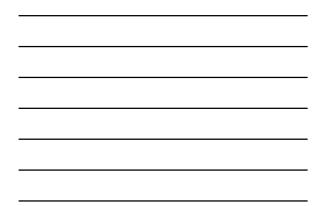












Additional Recommended

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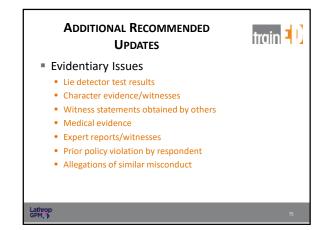
UPDATES Reasonable accommodations

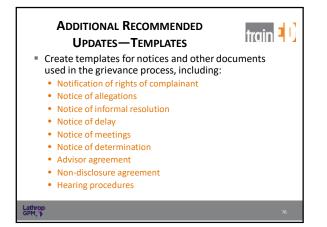
- Expectation to act in good faith and be truthful
- Statute of limitations
- Amnesty
- Attempt

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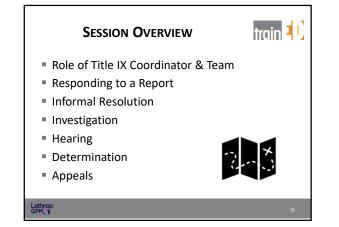
- Consensual relationships
- Flexibility
- Close of evidence
- Record interviews
- Non-punitive requirements even if no finding of responsibility
- Prohibition of knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the grievance process
- Version of policy to apply

ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDED UPDATES Image: Comparison of the property of the prope







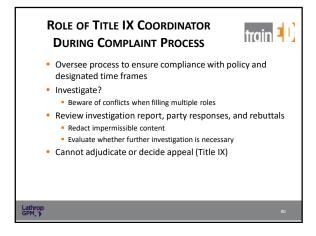


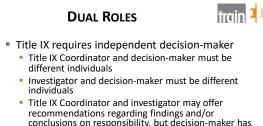
ROLE OF TITLE IX COORDINATOR DURING COMPLAINT PROCESS



- Conduct intake meeting
- Assess report/complaint
- Determine which process applies (if multiple)
- Determine who will provide ongoing communication with the parties throughout the complaint process
- Notify parties of delays and reason for delays
- Notify parties of their own and other party's meetingsEnsure that parties receive adequate notice of any new
- allegations
- Conduct informal resolution?

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- recommendations regarding indings and/or conclusions on responsibility, but decision-maker has independent obligation to objectively evaluate relevant evidence and cannot simply defer to recommendations
- Title IX Coordinator may act as investigator

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ROLE OF TITLE IX TEAM

Avoid prejudgment of the factsPresumption of non-responsibility

Serve impartially

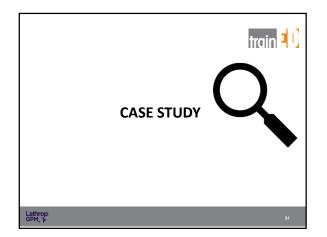


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- Avoid/disclose conflicts of interest/bias
 For or against complainants or respondents
- individually or generally • Make determination of responsibility at the
- conclusion of the grievance process

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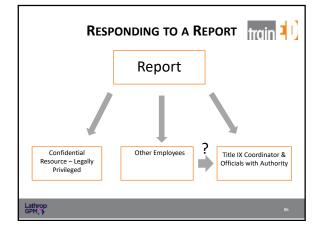


CASE STUDY

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On Monday September 14, 2020, a junior named Ashley stops by the office of Dean Hill, who is in charge of overseeing the Student Government Association (SGA) at the University. Ashley tells Dean Hill that she has an issue with another member of SGA, another junior named Nick. Ashley tells Dean Hill that she and Nick had been dating over the summer but broke up after Nick forced her to do things she didn't want to do when she was drunk. Ashley tells Dean Hill that she doesn't want to get Nick kicked out of school or anything like that, but she can't be in SGA with him. Ashley says that she doesn't want to give up her position on student government, so she is wondering if there is anything Dean Hill can do to help her.

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DUTIES OF CONFIDENTIAL RESOURCES



- Discuss reporting options and rights Title IX Coordinator, law enforcement, campus security
 - Offer to assist with reporting
 - Discuss school's prevention of and response to retaliation
- Discuss/offer support services and interim measures
 Disclose institution's limited ability to respond if request for confidentiality
- Discuss the importance of preserving evidence
- State law may require reporting of non-identifying information

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DUTIES OF OTHER EMPLOYEES WHO ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT

- If possible, before information revealed disclose:
 - Additional reporting requirement
 - Option to report to school and request confidentiality (school will consider but not guarantee)
 - Option for alleged victim to disclose to a confidential resource
- Only share information with individuals responsible for handling the institution's response (e.g., Title IX Coordinator, Deputy)

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DUTIES OF EMPLOYEES WHO ARE NOT REQUIRED TO REPORT



- Ask person reporting if they want the information shared with the Title IX Coordinator
- Only share information with individuals responsible for handling the institution's response (e.g., Title IX Coordinator, Deputy)



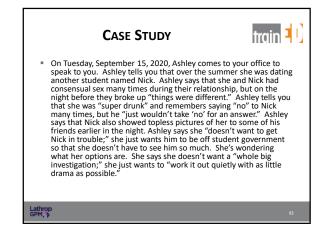
CASE STUDY	train 💶 🕽
If Dean Hill was at your institution, h you recommend she respond?	low would
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 CASE STUDY

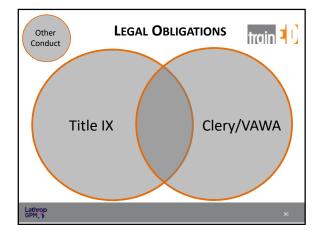
 Image: Dean Hill tells Ashley that she is required by the University to report what Ashley told her to the Title IX Coordinator. Dean Hill explains that the Title IX Coordinator is the one who will be able to help Ashley, so she encourages her to talk with the Title IX Coordinator directly.



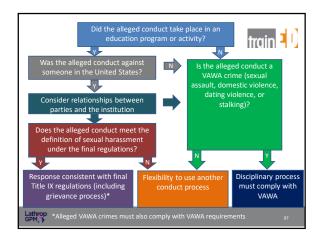


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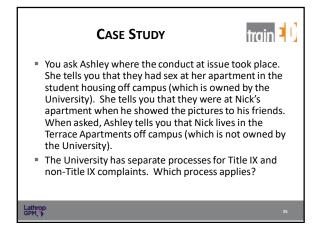
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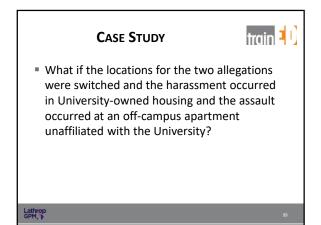












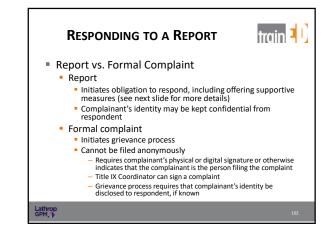
RESPONDING TO A REPORT

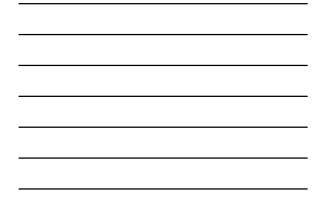


- Response must treat complainant and respondent equitably by
 - Offering supportive measures to a complaint (with or without formal complaint)
 - Following a grievance process that complies with the regulations before imposing any disciplinary sanctions or other actions that are not supportive measures against a respondent

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RESPONDING TO A REPORT -SUPPORTIVE/INTERIM MEASURES

- Offered to complainant and respondent
- Must be non-disciplinary, non-punitive
- Must be without fee or charge to the complainant or respondent
- Available before or after the filing of a formal complaint or where no formal complaint is filed

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- Designed to restore or preserve equal access to recipient's education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party
- Including measures designed to protect safety of all parties or
- the educational environment, or deter sexual harassment Must maintain as confidential as long as confidentiality does not impair ability of the institution to provide measures

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RESPONDING TO A REPORT train 🏼 **SUPPORTIVE/INTERIM MEASURES** · Mutual restrictions on contact between the parties

- Change academic or extracurricular activities, living, transportation, dining, and working situations
- Access to resources, such as victim advocacy, housing assistance, academic support, counseling, disability services, health and mental health services, legal assistance, visa and immigration assistance, campus escort services, increased security, and student financial aid



If school does not offer these services, enter into MOU with local victim services provider, if possible

train 🎴 **RESPONDING TO A REPORT** Other obligations: • Notify campus security, if necessary Clery report, if necessary Consider emergency removal Lathrop GPM





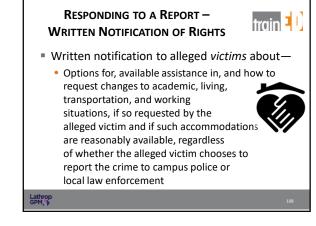
RESPONDING TO A REPORT—REQUESTS FOR CONFIDENTIALITY OR NO ACTION

Recommended Approach:

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- If the school determines it *can* honor the request for confidentiality/no action
- Continue to offer supportive measures
- If the school determines it *cannot* honor the request for confidentiality/no action
 - Inform the complainant prior to proceeding
 - Continue to offer supportive measures
 - Title IX Coordinator signs formal complaint and begins process





RESPONDING TO A REPORT – WRITTEN NOTIFICATION OF RIGHTS



- Written notification to alleged victims about (cont.)—
 - Possible sanctions and protective measures
 - Procedures individual should follow

Existing resources for counseling, etc.Supportive/interim measures

- Disciplinary procedures
- Confidentiality

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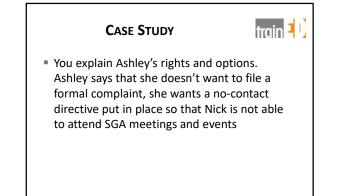
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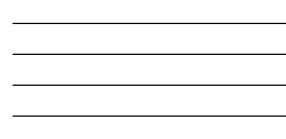
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RESPONDING TO A REPORT – WRITTEN NOTIFICATION OF RIGHTS



 Inform alleged victims that school officials will take steps to prevent all forms of retaliation and take strong responsive action if it occurs

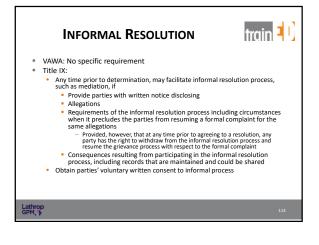


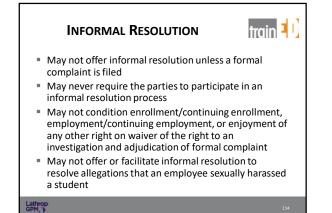


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You explain to Ashley how a mutual nocontact directive works and that you are not able to prohibit Nick from attending SGA at this point in the process. You explain that there would need to be an investigation and a finding of responsibility or Nick would need to voluntarily agree to it as part of an informal resolution. Ashley tells you that she wants to see if Nick will participate in an informal resolution process.

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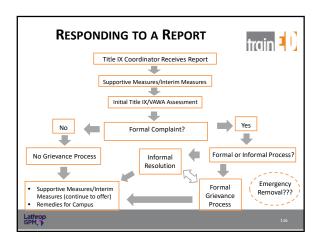


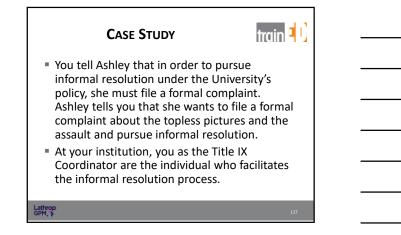
INFORMAL RESOLUTION

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- Factors to consider
 - Nature of alleged incident
 - Other allegations against same respondent
 - What sanctions would be necessary if the allegation is true
 - Whether complainant is willing to fully participate in a formal process
 - Whether institution could proceed with a formal process without complainant

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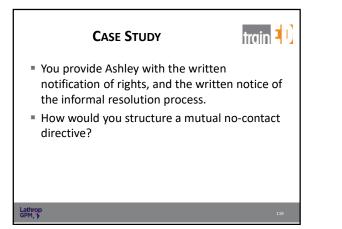
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- You talk with Ashley a bit more about her and Nick's roles in student government in order to be able to structure a mutual no-contact directive. You find out that Ashley is the junior class president and Nick is on the student senate. Ashley tells you that there are optional meetings and mandatory meetings. She tells you that there are a few meetings that are mandatory for both of them, but that most of her mandatory meetings are optional for Nick and most of his mandatory meetings are optional for her.
- Is there anything you need to provide Ashley at this time?

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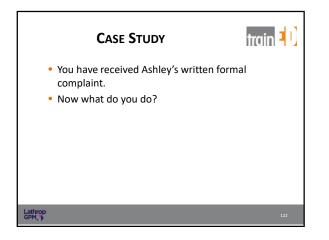
CASE	STUDY	train 🏼
Nick may only atte which their attenc meeting that is m stay at least 10 fee address the other the meeting. The issues arise regard University will ree	sues of SGA, it sta end student gove dance is mandate andatory for both et from the other person directly to directive states to ding the terms of voluate the para as necessary in o	ates that Ashley and rmment meetings for ed. If there is a h of them, they must person and not unless required by that to the extent the directive, the meters of the no- rder to best preserve

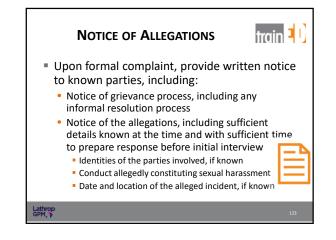


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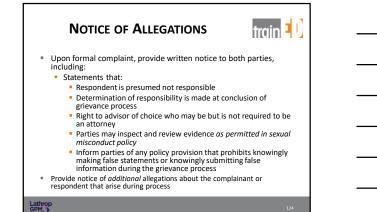
- Ashley files the following formal complaint, dated September 15, 2020:
 - On July 24, 2020, Nick Newman sexually harassed and sexually assaulted me. At the time, Nick and I were in a dating relationship. On the night of July 24, I walked into Nick's apartment and saw him showing several of his friends topless pictures of me without my consent. Later in the night, after getting really drunk, Nick and I went back to my apartment. At my apartment, Nick touched my breasts and had sex with me without my consent. Even though I said "no" several times, Nick continued to touch me and eventually had sex with me. I was too drunk to consent to anything that happened.

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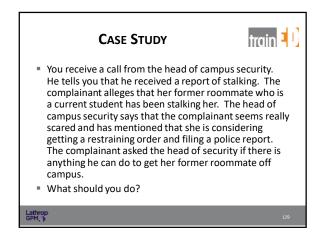
- You send Nick a notice of a meeting the next day and the reason for the meeting. You attach a mutual no-contact directive and a notice of his rights.
- You send Ashley the mutual no-contact directive.
- You meet with Nick the next day to provide him with a written notice of allegations and to discuss the no-contact directive and the notice of rights.

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You tell Nick that Ashley would like to pursue informal resolution and you explain the informal resolution process and provide him with the proper written notice of the informal resolution process. You ask Nick if he would like to pursue informal resolution. He tells you he needs to think about it. You tell him that you will check in with him in a few days if you have not heard from him.

Is there anything you need to provide to Ashley?

CASE STUDY In the notice of allegations and inform her that Nick is considering whether to agree to participate in the informal resolution process.



RESPONDING TO FORMAL COMPLAINT—EMERGENCY REMOVAL

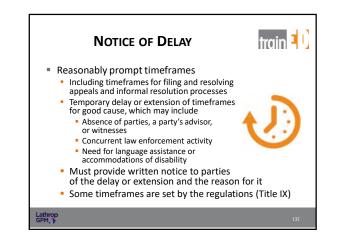
- Institution may remove a respondent from the education program or activity on an emergency basis if institution: • Undertakes an individualized safety and risk analysis;
 - Determines that an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of sexual harassment justifies removal; and

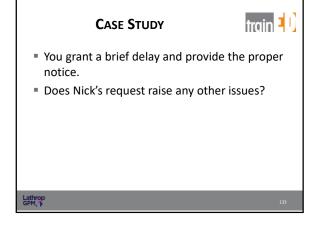
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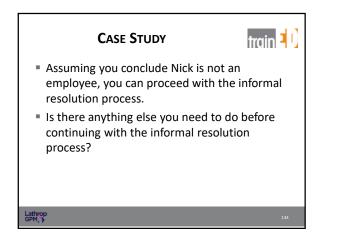
- Provides the respondent with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal
- Non-student employees may be placed on administrative leave during grievance process
- Provision does not modify any rights under the IDEA, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, or the ADA

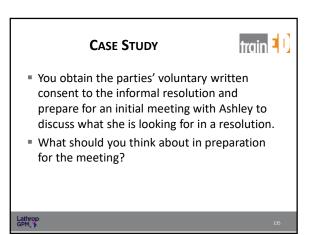
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CASE STUDY fro	in <mark>I</mark> I
 Nick calls the next day to tell you that he wou like to participate in the informal resolution process, but he asks if you can delay the proce for a few weeks. He says he is a T.A. and has a of mid-terms to grade while also keeping up v his own classes. 	ess a lot
 Do you grant the delay? How can you help Nick?	
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INFORMAL RESOLUTION



- Issues to consider when using informal resolution process
 - Is there an admission from the respondent?
 - Will this be a final resolution?
 - What information will be shared during the informal process?
 - Can the resolution be used in future discipline decisions?
 - What records will be maintained and could be shared?
 - What action is necessary to stop the harassment, prevent its recurrence, and address its effects?

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CASE STUDY	train 💶 🕽
You meet with Ashley to discuss what she is looking for in a resolution. Ashley says that she does not want Nick to get in trouble; she just wants him to understand that what he did was wrong, apologize to her, and quit the Student Government Association. Ashley also tells you that she doesn't want to have to talk to or see Nick anymore.	
You explain to Ashley that you will be meeting with Nick and will then be back in touch with her. You remind Ashley that informal resolution continues to be voluntary and that she can change her mind about whether she wants to continue the process.	
 What options might address Ashley's conce 	erns?

CASE STUDY	train 🖣 🕻
 You meet with Nick to discuss what he will resolution. You explain Ashley's wishes to 1 that he wants to stay in school and avoid ar He says he is fine agreeing to not have any Ashley going forward. Nick agrees to read a statement from Ashley to understand how the situation. Nick says he's not sure if he i an apology. He is concerned about admittin wrongdoing. He wants to know if that type would go on his record; he is planning to ap school and doesn't want anything on his re that he will have to think about whether he resign from student government. What do you tell Nick about what will go or 	ick. Nick says investigation. sontact with n impact he perceived willing to make g to of admission ply to grad ord. Nick says is willing to
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Nick calls you to tell you that he is willing to apologize for the pictures, but not for anything else. He tells you that he did not sexually assault Ashley. Nick also says that student government is too important to his education and future career. He is a political science major and hopes to work in politics. He says that quitting at the beginning of his junior year would raise red flags for grad schools and future employers; it would look like he wasn't serious about politics or wasn't able to work well with other people. He says that if Ashley won't drop the student government issue, he won't agree to a resolution.

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CASE STUDY



- You meet with Ashley and relay your conversation with Nick. Ashley tells you that if they are both in the Student Government Association they will see each other all the time and a no-contact directive won't solve the problem.
- Ashley tells you that she wants to pursue the formal grievance process.

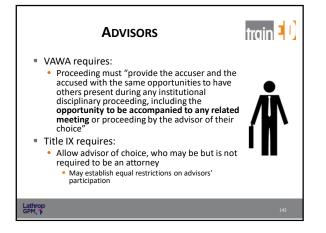
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CASE STUDY

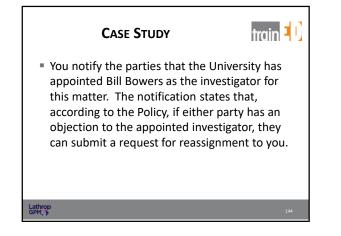
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- You meet with Nick and tell him that because he and Ashley were unable to agree on an informal resolution, she would like to proceed with the formal grievance process.
- He tells you that he has hired a lawyer who will represent him in this matter. He tells you that all future communication must go through his lawyer.
- How do you respond?

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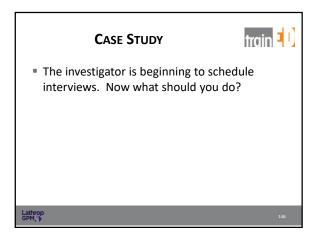




CONFLICTS OF INTEREST



- VAWA: a prompt, fair, and impartial proceeding is conducted by officials who do not have a conflict of interest . or bias for or against the accuser or the accused
- Title IX: no conflicts of interest or bias as Title IX Coordinator, investigator, decision-maker, facilitator of informal resolution process, or individual responsible for appeals
 - For or against complainants or respondents generally • For or against an individual complainant or respondent
- Disclose and manage conflicts of interest
- Have a process for requesting disqualification of Title IX Coordinator, investigator, adjudicator, informal resolution process facilitator, or individual responsible for appeals



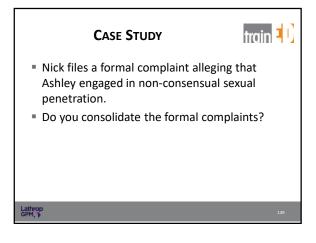
CASE STUDY	train 🖣 🕽
 The investigator calls to tell you that du interview, Ashley alleges that she felt th pressured her into having sex. Ashley ta investigator that she said no several tim touching her breasts but "he wouldn't t answer." Ashley also stated that at one night Nick threatened to break up with was feeling insecure about her body. At that she felt like she had to have sex wit would dump her. The investigator wants to know whethe should be amended to allege coercion. 	at Nick old the les to Nick ake no for an point in the her when she shley stated th him or he
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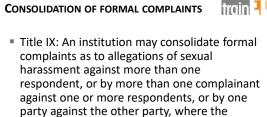


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- The investigator calls to tell you that during his initial interview, Nick stated that during the night in question Ashley performed oral sex on him. The investigator tells you that when asked if either of them said anything before Ashley started performing oral sex on him, Nick stated, "No, neither of us said anything; she just started doing it. I don't know, I didn't really consent to that, did I"?
- How do you respond?

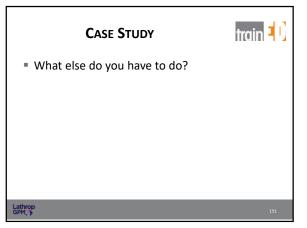
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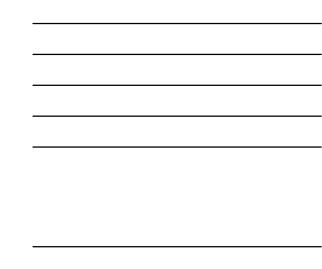




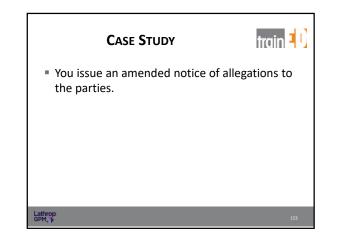
- party against the other party, where the allegations of sexual harassment arise out of the same facts or circumstances
- VAWA: No specific guidance

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NOTICE OF ALLEGATIONS	train 💶 🕽
 Provide notice of additional allegat the complainant or respondent tha during process 	
 Including sufficient details known at t Identities of the parties involved, if know Conduct allegedly constituting sexual ha Date and location of the alleged incidem With sufficient time to prepare respointial interview 	vn rassment t, if known
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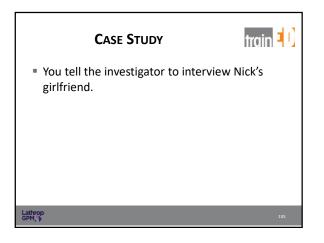




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- The investigator also tells you that during his initial interview Nick suggested the investigator interview his current girlfriend because she will be able to "vouch that he would never sexually assault someone."
- You learn from the investigator that the parties each suggested that Nick's roommates, Tyler and Jason, and another student named Drew be interviewed, that Ashley suggested that her friends, Lauren and Amanda, be interviewed, and that Nick suggested that his girlfriend be interviewed.
- The investigator asks you if he should interview Nick's girlfriend.
- How do you respond?

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CASE STUDY	train 🏼 🕽
 The investigator also tells you that both parties' accounts, there were students who looked at the toples. Ashley. Both parties agree that the were laughing and whistling/woo- According to Ashley, one of them a derogatory comments about her w the pictures. The investigator is w whether these students may have sexual harassment of Ashley. How do you respond? 	e three male s pictures of e students hoo-ing. also made while looking at ondering
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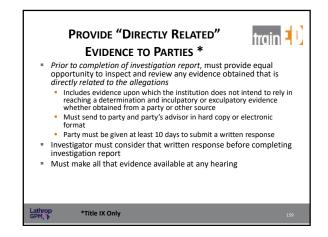
Investigator Bowers calls to tell you that he has completed all of his interviews and has a draft of the investigation report. What should you do next?

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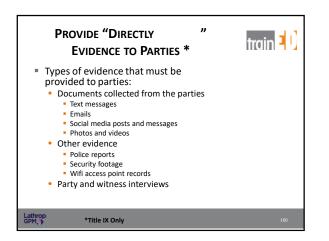
The investigator notifies the parties of the close of evidence date.

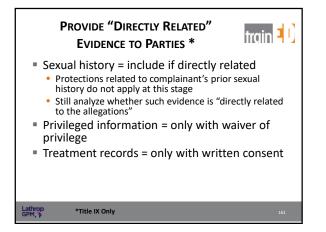
CASE STUDY

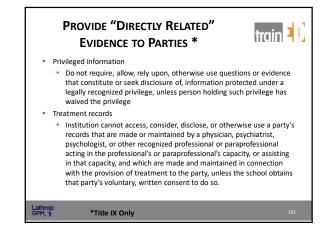
- The investigator would like your help determining how to produce the "directly related" evidence.
 - Should he provide copies of interview recordings? Transcripts?
 - How will the parties' information be protected?











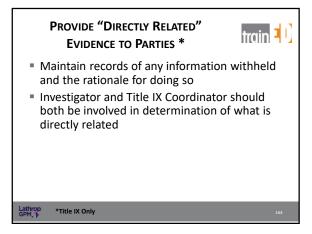


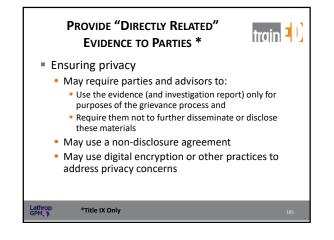
PROVIDE "DIRECTLY RELATED" EVIDENCE TO PARTIES *



- May permit or require the investigator to redact information that is not directly related to the allegations (or that is otherwise barred from use under the final regulations)
 - Redactions are limited to information not directly related or that is otherwise specifically barred
 - May not redact other information, such as confidential, sensitive, or prejudicial information, if it is directly related to the allegations

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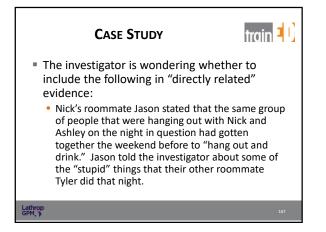


PROVIDE "DIRECTLY RELATED" EVIDENCE TO PARTIES *



- Steps following parties' review
 - Review parties' responses
 - Consult with investigator to decide whether any additional action is needed
 - Investigator should consider parties' viewpoints about whether the evidence directly related to the allegations is relevant and therefore whether to include it in the investigation report
 - May provide a copy of each party's written response to the other party, but that is not required

*Title IX Only



Case Study	train 💶
 The investigator is wondering whether following in "directly related" evidence Nick told the investigator that he heard t been struggling academically this semest falling under the 3.0 GPA requirement to Government Association. Nick stated that real reason that she is so upset and that this complaint just so she would have an poor grades and get a "free pass." Ashley's friend Lauren stated that Nick w campus for sleeping around a lot and she he cheated on Ashley during their relation 	(cont.): hat Ashley has er and is at risk of be in the Student at that was the she brought up excuse for her as known on e even heard that
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 The investigator provides the parties and advisors with copies of the directly related evidence and gives them 10 days to submit a written response.

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CASE STUDY	train 💶
 Nick submits a response to the directly related He objects to the investigator's failure to inclu information from his current girlfriend, whom investigator interviewed. 	de any
You ask the investigator about his interview w current girlfriend, and the investigator tells yo interview was very short. He says that Nick ha his current girlfriend for a few weeks and she acquainted with either of the parties at the tir alleged conduct. The investigator tells you tha girlfriend said he is "a really great guy" and the imagine him doing something like this."	u that the as only known was not ne of the at Nick's

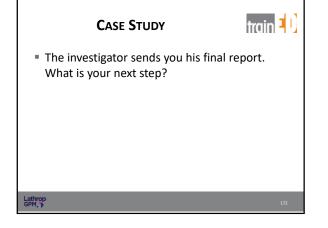
How do you respond? Is the information "directly related?"

CASE STUDY

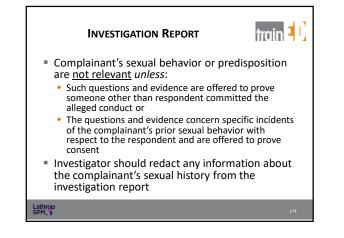
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- During the response period, Ashley calls you to tell you that she heard a rumor that Nick was reading some of the interview transcripts to his roommates.
- What should you have done when you provided the evidence to the parties?
- Assuming you put protective measures and rules in place, what do you do now?

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CASE STUDY • You provide copies of the investigation report and attachments to the parties. Your policy provides the parties with 5 days to submit written responses to the report.

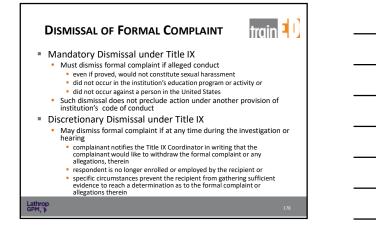
CASE STUDY	train 💶
 You receive a call from Dean Hill. She the overseer of the Student Governmy she received a request from Nick for a recommendation for an internship. A received the initial report from Ashley an investigation is pending. She tells y checked the University's policy regard recommendation but it says nothing a letter of recommendation during penematters. She asks you what she shoul How do you respond? 	ent Association, letter of s the one who , she knows that you that she ing letters of ibout providing a ding disciplinary
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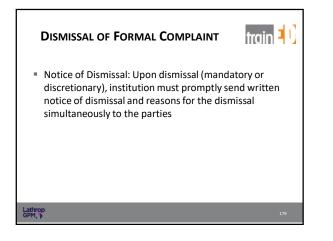
CASE STUDY

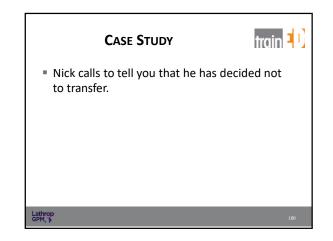
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- The first semester is now winding down. You receive a call from Nick. He wants to know whether the complaint against him would be dropped and whether his record would be "clean" if he transferred schools after the first semester.
- How do you respond?

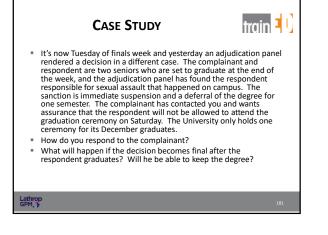
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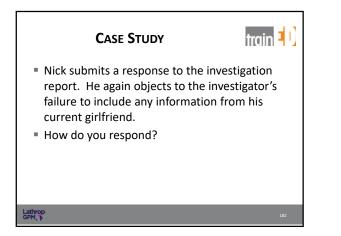


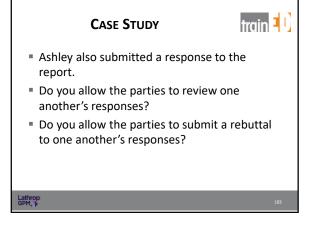








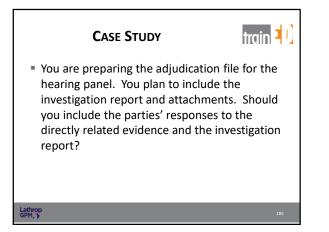


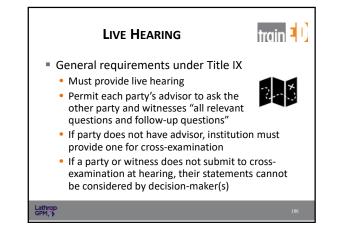




- You set a date for the hearing, appoint a hearing panel, and provide notice of the hearing to the parties, including the rules of procedure for the hearing. You give the parties an opportunity to object to the members of the panel.
- Ashley asks for information about the members of the hearing panel. She wants to know how many sexual misconduct cases they have decided, in how many they found the respondent responsible, and in how many they found the respondent not responsible.
- How do you respond?

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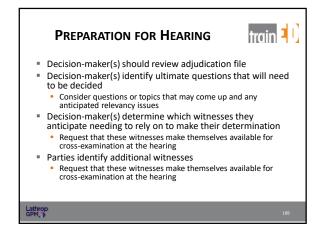
DECISION-MAKER(S)



- May have single decision-maker or a panel of decision-makers
- If a panel of decision-makers, may appoint one decision-maker to make relevancy determinations at the hearing
- May appoint Title IX Coordinator or another individual who is not a decision-maker to enforce procedural rules at the hearing
 - Decision-maker(s) must still determine relevancy issues

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ATTENDANCE AT HEARING



- Parties may be accompanied only by their advisors and other persons for reasons "required by law"
 - Institution must keep confidential the complainant, respondent, and any witness except as may be permitted by FERPA, as required by law, or to carry out the grievance process
 - Limits institution's ability to authorize the parties to be accompanied to the hearing by individuals other than their advisors
 - A person assisting a party with a disability, or a language interpreter, may attend because presence is required by law and/or necessary to conduct the hearing

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HEARING: SCHOOL-APPOINTED ADVISORS

- Can request that the parties inform school in advance whether they have an advisor
 - If party does not have an advisor at the hearing, still required to
 provide an advisor even if party stated that they would have one
- May want to have an advisor for each party on standby so that delaying the hearing is not necessary
- School-appointed advisor
 - Role is limited to relaying a party's questions
 - No particular skills, qualifications, or training is required
 - Does not need to be neutral or avoid conflicts of interest
 If a party refuses to work with an assigned advisor the part
- If a party refuses to work with an assigned advisor the party forfeits his or her right to cross-examination

HEARING: RELEVANCY DETERMINATIONS

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- Decision-maker may hear arguments regarding relevancy of a question on the spot or may tell parties to reserve arguments for appeal (incorrect relevancy determination could be an alleged procedural error on appeal)
- Must allow question if relevant, even if misleading or assumes facts not in evidence
- Can establish rule that duplicative questions are not relevant
- Exclude questions with caution

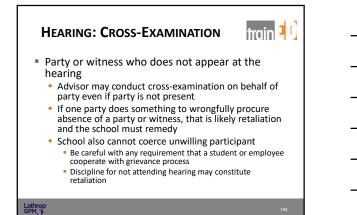
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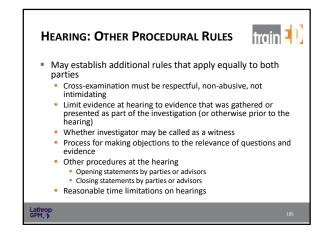
HEARING: CROSS-EXAMINATION



- Party or witness who does not appear at the hearing
 - Cannot rely on any statements from a party or witness who does not submit to cross-examination
 - Failure to answer one question constitutes a failure to submit to cross-examination (unless question came from decision-maker)
 - Still applies even if disability or death is the reason the person did not submit to cross-examination
 - Statements that cannot be considered include statements in investigation report or any other source (police report, medical exam, text messages, witness accounts, etc.)

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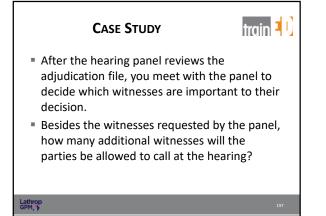
HEARING: OTHER PROCEDURAL RULES



Some procedural rules are prohibited

- Cannot prohibit a party from conferring with his or her advisor during the hearing
 - Likely can prohibit conferring when a question is pending
 - Could also discourage from conferring when a question is pending by warning that such conduct will be considered when weighing the party's credibility
- Cannot prohibit character evidence, lie detector test results, evidence that is unduly prejudicial, or evidence of prior bad acts
 - Decision-maker may determine how much weight to give such evidence

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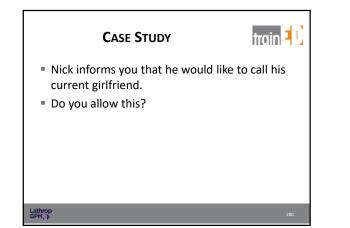


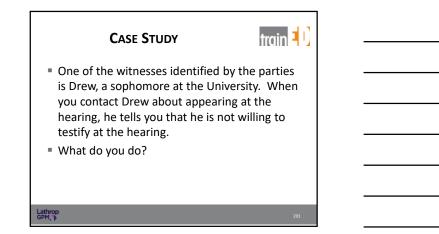
CASE STUDY from the parties of the list of witnesses the hearing panel has requested be available. You inform the parties that they have 3 days to provide you with the names of up to two additional witnesses each.

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- Ashley informs you that her friend from high school that she texted the day she and Nick broke up is willing to testify at the hearing.
 She would like to call her as a witness. Ashley never suggested this friend as a witness during the investigation.
- How do you respond?

GPM,







- Drew tells you that Nick is the T.A. for one of his political science courses. Drew tells you that it is a year-long science courses. Drew tells you that it is a year-long course. The second semester has just started and Drew tells you that during the first semester, he did really well on all the quizzes that are graded by the T.A. except the last two. Drew says that he strongly suspects that those last two quizzes were graded after Nick found out what Drew told the investigator. Drew says that he thinks the investigation is impacting Nick's assessment of his work and investigation is impacting Nick's assessment of his work and that it will only get worse if he testifies at the hearing. Drew tells you that he is not willing to sacrifice his grade for this hearing. Is there anything you can do to help Drew?
- Is this retaliation by Nick? How do you respond?

Lathrop GPM, 🕻

Lathrop GPM

CASE STUDY	train 🏼 🕽
You review Drew's statements in the invest report. You note that he is the only perso witnessed the alleged harassment who was friend of one of the parties. Nick's two fri statements favorable to him and Ashley's made statements favorably to her. Drew's are more favorable to Ashley.	n who asn't a close ends made two friends
 If Drew still refuses to testify at the hearin keep the decision-makers from relying on statements, which they already read in the investigation report? 	his

CASE STUDY

train 🏼

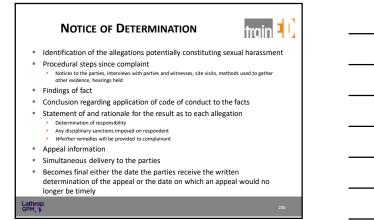
A few days after the hearing, the hearing panel comes back with a determination finding Nick responsible for non-consensual sexual contact but not responsible for sexual harassment or non-consensual sexual penetration. The panel finds Ashley not responsible for non-consensual sexual penetration. The sanction is that Nick is suspended from school for the rest of the semester and is suspended from the Student Government Association through the end of the Spring 2022 semester.

SANCTIONS AND REMEDIES

- train 💶
- Consider who will decide the sanctions and how Consider limited role of Title IX Coordinator
- Policy must list all possible sanctions The list of sanctions must be specific, including the type and length of suspensions and any requirements that must be met for reinstatement



- Title IX Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any remedies Remedies must be designed to restore or preserve equal access to the
- institution's education program or activity
- May include the same individualized services as "supportive measures" Do not need to be "non-disciplinary" or "non-punitive" and do not need to avoid burdening the respondent
- Consider remedies for broader student population







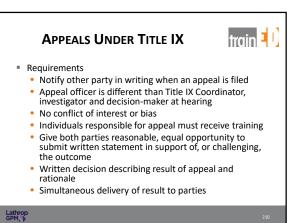
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- The appeal period has run and neither party has filed an appeal.
- What do you do next?

Lathrop GPM, 🕨

Lathrop GPM, 🕻

Appears Under Title IX Must be offered to both parties From a determination regarding responsibility. From a recipient's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein Further Bases Procedural irregularity that affected the outcome of the matter; New evidence that was not reasonably available at the time the determination regarding responsibility or dismissal was made, that could affect the outcome of the matter; The Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decision-maker had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondent that affected the outcome of the matter; May offer an appeal equally to both parties on additional bases.



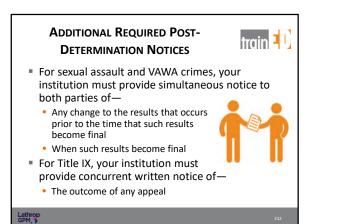
APPEALS UNDER VAWA



- Not required, but if offered, must do so equally
- Transparency, equality, notice requirements from main process will apply to appeals
- Examples include:
 - Right to advisor
 - Notice of meetings
 - Access to information used by appeals panel/individual
 - Simultaneous notice of outcome

GPM,

Lathrop GPM



RECORDCEEPING For 7 years, must maintain: Investigation and adjudication Any determination regarding responsibility Any audio or audiovisual recording or transcript of the hearing Any disciplinary sanctions imposed Any remedies provided to complainant Any appeal and result Training materials for investigators, decision-makers, coordinators, and persons designated to facilitate informal resolution process

RECORDKEEPING

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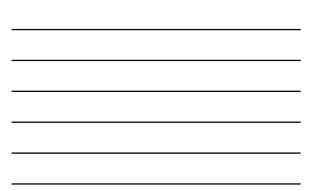
For 7 years, must maintain (cont.):

- Any actions taken (including supportive measures) in response to a report of sexual harassment
 - Basis for conclusion that response was not deliberately indifferent
 - Measures were designed to restore or preserve equal access to educational programs and activities
 - If supportive measures were not provided, document the reasons why such a response was not clearly unreasonable in light of known circumstances
- Recordkeeping does not prevent inclusion of additional details or explanations later

Lathrop GPM, }







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